

THE REGISTRY RUNDOWN

Cedric Van Bockhaven
Max Grim

September 2024



OUTFLANK

clear advice with a hacker mindset

ABOUT YOUR SPEAKERS

Cedric van Bockhaven - @c3c

- Red Teamer and Offensive Developer @ Outflank
- Network security background / R&D new attack vectors



Max Grim - @max__grim

- Red Teamer and Offensive Developer @ Outflank
- Software engineering background / Cloud & DevOps



OUTFLANK

- Outflank Security Tooling (OST)
- Red Teaming Services

AGENDA

- History and anatomy
- Remote interfaces
- Registry abuse
 - Reconnaissance
 - RPC information leaks
 - Active Directory Certificate Services
 - Relaying
 - Lateral movement
- Summary

Registry Editor

Registry Edit Tree View Security Options Window

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE on Local Machine

- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE
 - HARDWARE
 - SAM
 - SECURITY
 - SOFTWARE
 - SYSTEM

HISTORY AND ANATOMY



HKEY_CURRENT_USER
on Local Machine



HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT
on Local Machine

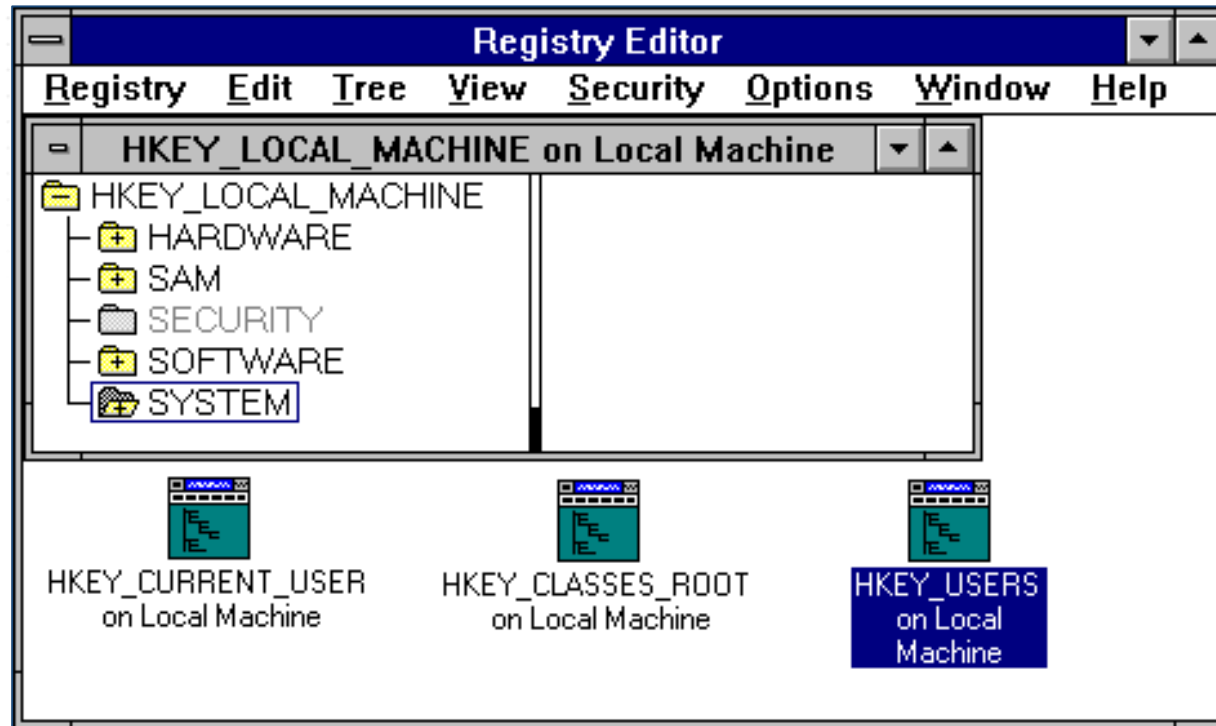


HKEY_USERS
on Local Machine

HISTORY



- Hierarchical database
- Introduced in **Windows 3.1 (1992)** for COM-based components
- Windows 95 and NT extended its use: **replacing .INI files**

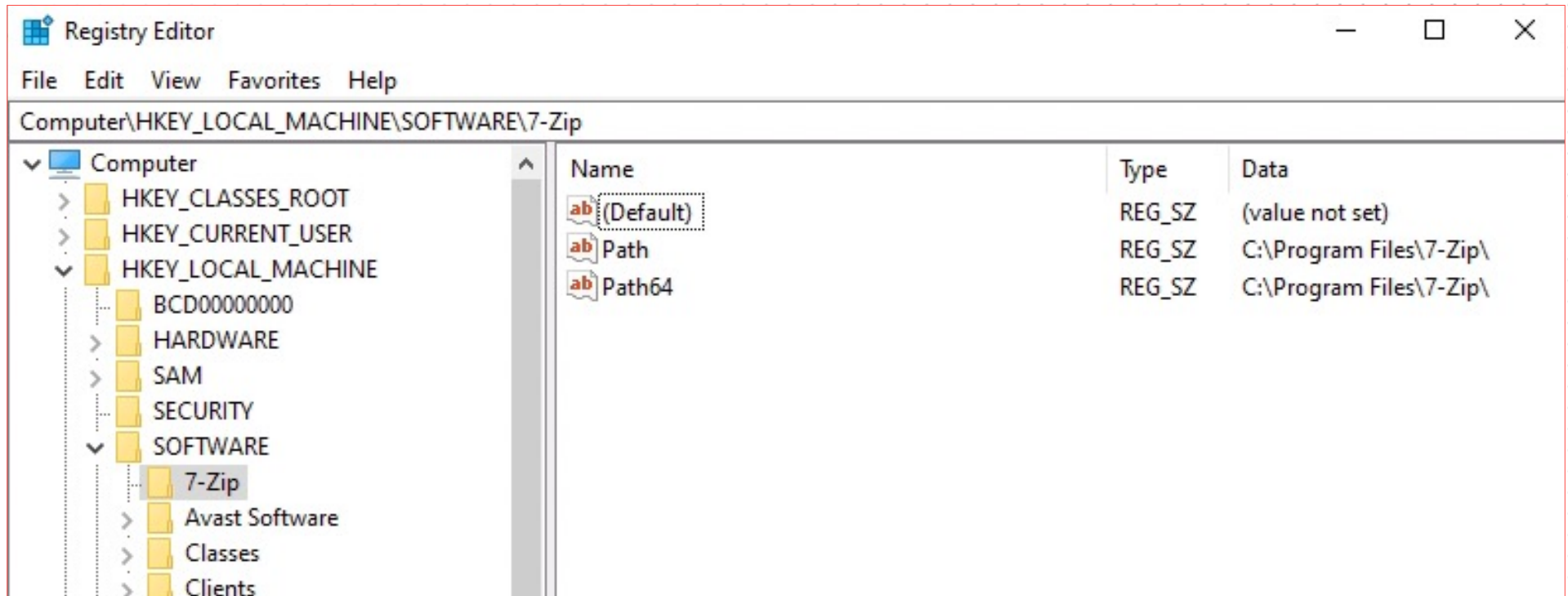


ANATOMY

- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE
 - HKEY_USERS
 - HKEY_CURRENT_USER
 - HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT
 - HKEY_CURRENT_CONFIG
 - HKEY_CURRENT_USER_LOCAL_SETTINGS
 - HKEY_PERFORMANCE_DATA
 - HKEY_PERFORMANCE_TEXT
 - HKEY_PERFORMANCE_NLSTEXT
 - HKEY_DYN_DATA
- HKLM**
 - HKU**
 - HKCU**
 - HKCR**
 - HKCC**
 - HKCULS
 - HKPD
 - HKPT
 - HKPN
 - HKDD

HKLM - HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE

- **HKLM - HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE**
 - Computer-specific data
 - Software configurations / local policies / group policies

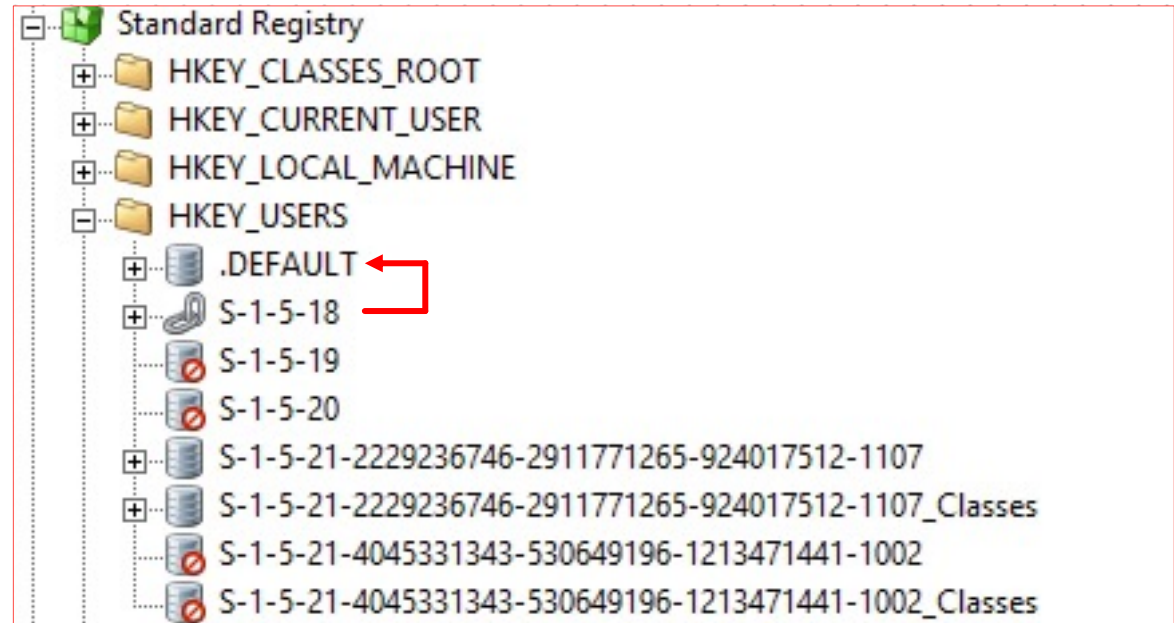


HKU - HKEY_USERS

- **HKU - HKEY_USERS**

- User-specific settings

- S-1-5-18: LocalSystem
- S-1-5-19: LocalService
- S-1-5-20: NetworkService
- S-1-5-21-x: User SIDs

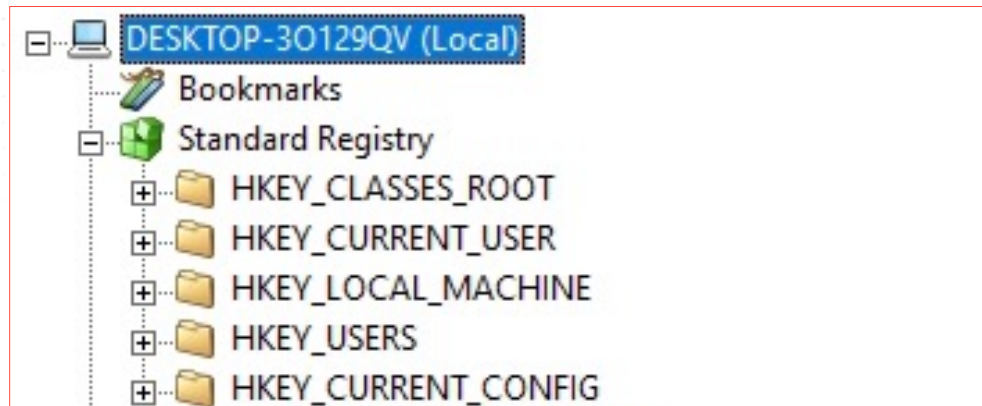


- S-1-5-18 is a symbolic link to .DEFAULT

- e.g. used for winlogon/logonui (e.g. enable numlock, screen saver)
- Not a template for new accounts

YOU'RE NOT A REAL HIVE

- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE and HKEY_USERS are disk-backed
- HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT?
- HKEY_CURRENT_USER?



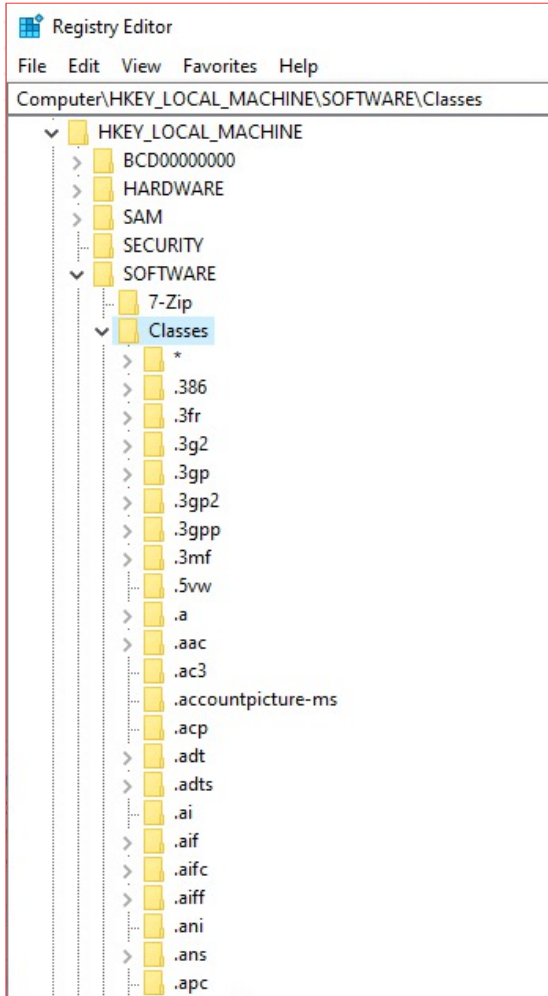
HKCU - HKEY_CURRENT_USER

Path: HKEY_USERS\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1107\Software\Classes

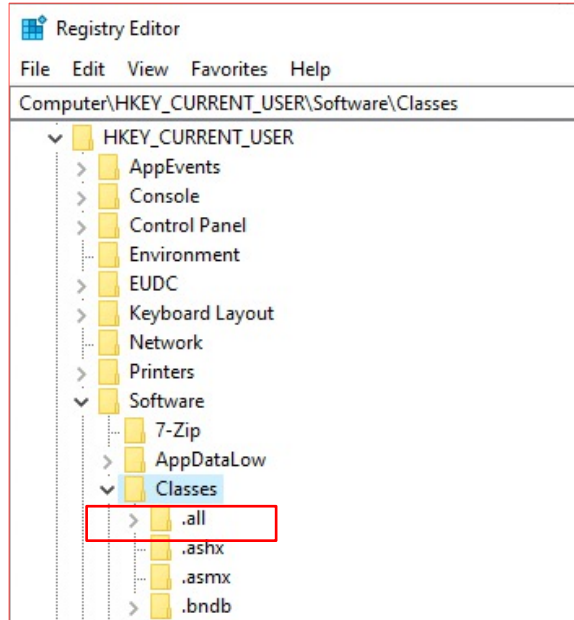
Name	Type	Size	Value
SymbolicLinkName	REG_LINK	138	\Registry\User\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1107_Classes

HKCR - HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT

HKLM\Software\Classes



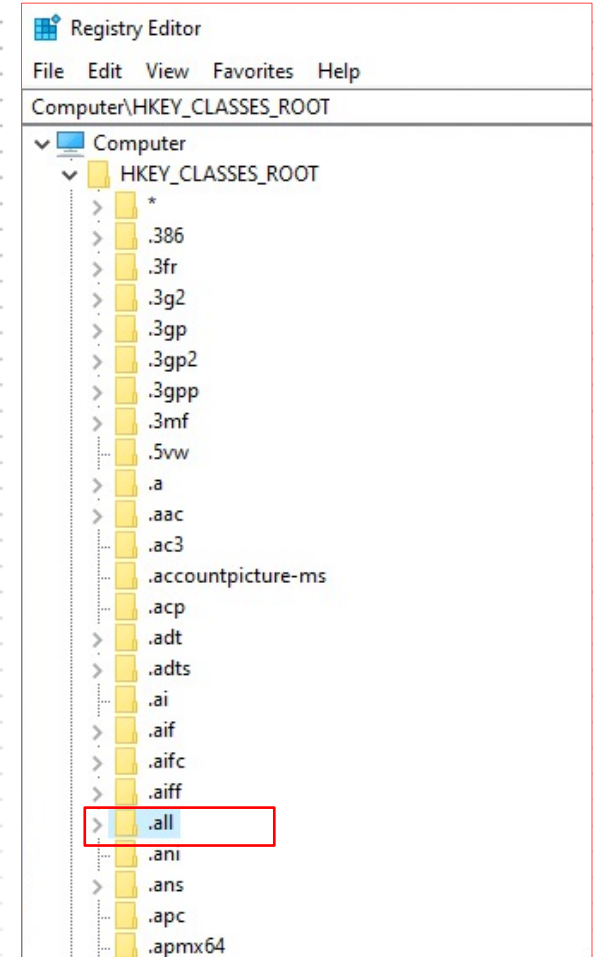
HKCU\Software\Classes



+

=

HKCR\



From user perspective: HKCU takes precedence over HKLM!

COM?

- Component Object Model

- A way of doing inter-process communication

- VBA example:

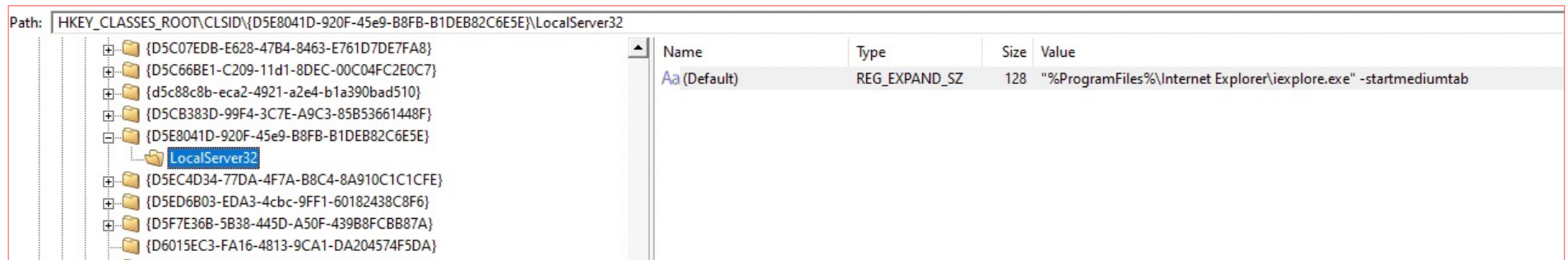
- `CreateObject("InternetExplorer.Application")`
`.Navigate2("https://outflank.nl")`

- InternetExplorer.Application has an associated CLSID:

- {D5E8041D-920F-45e9-B8FB-B1DEB82C6E5E}

- HKCR\CLSID*CLSID*

- LocalServer32 specifies location of COM server application



HKCR - HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT

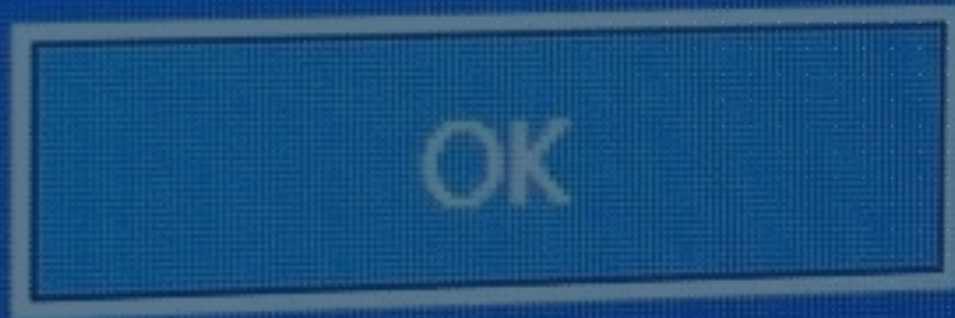
Path: HKEY_USERS\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1107\Software\Classes\CLSID\{CAFEEFAC-0018-0000-0337-ABCDEFFEDCBA}

Name
Aa (Default)

The screenshot displays a Windows Explorer window showing a directory listing of folders. The path is HKEY_USERS\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1107\Software\Classes\CLSID\{CAFEEFAC-0018-0000-0337-ABCDEFFEDCBA}. The listing shows 30 folders, each with a unique CLSID name. The right pane shows the 'Name' column with 'Aa (Default)' selected.

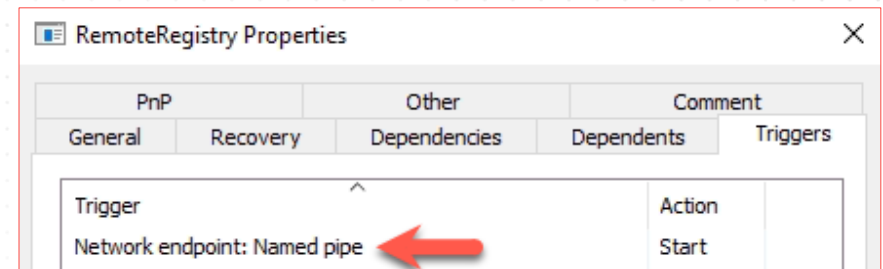
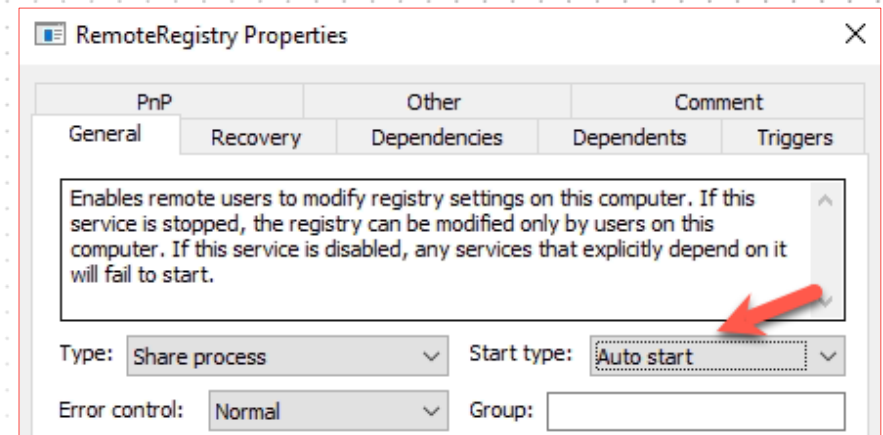
The RPC server is unavailable.

REMOTE INTERFACES



REGISTRY VIA MS-RRP

- **MS-RRP:** Remote Registry Protocol
- Handled by the Remote Registry service
- Start type:
 - Servers: auto start
 - Clients: disabled
- Shuts down after inactivity
- Triggered when accessing named pipe



REGISTRY VIA MS-RRP

- If the service is not started:
 - Retrieve the file `\winreg` from the `IPC$` share on remote system
 - This triggers service to start
- MS-RRP (RPC) calls within SMB named pipe (`\pipe\winreg`)

- No local admin needed

- Used by

- `regedit.exe`
- `reg.py` (impacket)

```

v SMB2 (Server Message Block Protocol version 2)
  > SMB2 Transform Header
  v Encrypted SMB3 data
    > SMB2 (Server Message Block Protocol version 2)
    > Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Call (DCE/RPC) Request
    v Remote Registry Service, OpenHKU
      Operation: OpenHKU (4) ←
      [Response in frame: 28]
      NULL Pointer: Pointer to System Name (uint16)
    v Access Mask: 0x02000000
      v Generic rights: 0x00000000
        0... .. = Generic read: Not set
        .0.. .. = Generic write: Not set
        ..0. .. = Generic execute: Not set
        ...0 .. = Generic all: Not set
        ....1. .. = Maximum allowed: Set
        .....0... .. = Access SACL: Not set
      > Standard rights: 0x00000000
      > WINREG specific rights: 0x00000000

```


REGISTRY VIA MS-RRP

[MS-RRP]: Windows Remote Registry Protocol

Article • 06/24/2021 • 4 minutes to read

 [Feedback](#)

Specifies the Windows Remote Registry Protocol, a remote procedure call (RPC)-based client/server protocol that is used to remotely manage a hierarchical data store such as the Windows registry.

This page and associated content may be updated frequently. We recommend you subscribe to the [RSS feed](#) to receive update notifications.

3.1.5.5	OpenUsers (Opnum 4).....
3.1.5.6	BaseRegCloseKey (Opnum 5)
3.1.5.7	BaseRegCreateKey (Opnum 6).....
3.1.5.8	BaseRegDeleteKey (Opnum 7).....
3.1.5.9	BaseRegDeleteValue (Opnum 8)
3.1.5.10	BaseRegEnumKey (Opnum 9).....
3.1.5.11	BaseRegEnumValue (Opnum 10)
3.1.5.12	BaseRegFlushKey (Opnum 11).....
3.1.5.13	BaseRegGetKeySecurity (Opnum 12).....
3.1.5.14	BaseRegLoadKey (Opnum 13)
3.1.5.15	BaseRegOpenKey (Opnum 15).....
3.1.5.16	BaseRegQueryInfoKey (Opnum 16).....
3.1.5.17	BaseRegQueryValue (Opnum 17)
3.1.5.18	BaseRegReplaceKey (Opnum 18)
3.1.5.19	BaseRegRestoreKey (Opnum 19)
3.1.5.20	BaseRegSaveKey (Opnum 20)
3.1.5.21	BaseRegSetKeySecurity (Opnum 21).....
3.1.5.22	BaseRegSetValue (Opnum 22).....
3.1.5.23	BaseRegUnloadKey (Opnum 23).....

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/openspecs/windows_protocols/ms-rrp

REGISTRY VIA MS-WMI

- WMI uses DCOM to communicate
- DCOM in turn works via RPC
- RPC uses a dynamic/random high TCP port

- WMI namespace: `\ROOT\CIMV2`
- WMI class: `StdRegProv`

- Advantage: available on **both clients and servers**
- Disadvantage: **requires local admin**

- Callable via PowerShell (`Get-WMIObject`)



REGISTRY VIA MS-WMI

- Extended impacket with `wmireg.py`

```
$ python wmireg.py $regular_user query -keyName
```

REGISTRY ABUSE



COMMON ATTACK VECTORS

- Credential dumping
 - Local user creds: SAM hive (**HKLM\SAM**)
 - Domain cached creds: SECURITY hive (**HKLM\SECURITY**)
 - Both also need a dump of the SYSTEM hive to decrypt
 - Mimikatz / secretdump.py (impacket)
- Registry persistency
 - HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
 - COM hijacks
 - Many, many more...

REGISTRY ABUSE

Reconnaissance

REMOTE PERMISSIONS

- Reading **HKLM** requires local admin privileges on the remote system
- As local **admin**, you can access a lot of information
 - AV exclusions
 - EDR software
 - Local policies / group policies
 - Etc.

```
$ python reg.py $admin_user query -keyName HKLM\  
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra
```

```
HKLM\  
HKLM\BCD00000000  
HKLM\DRIVERS  
HKLM\HARDWARE  
HKLM\SAM  
HKLM\SECURITY  
HKLM\SOFTWARE  
HKLM\SYSTEM
```



```
$ python reg.py $regular_user query -keyName HKLM\  
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra
```



```
[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...  
[-] DCERPC Runtime Error: code: 0x5 - rpc_s_access_denied
```

REMOTE PERMISSIONS

- But what can you access as a **regular** (domain-joined) user?
- Reading **HKU** and **HKCR** allowed for regular (domain-joined) user
- In **HKU** the user has access to
 - .DEFAULT (S-1-5-18)
 - The domain user's SID (if logged in)
- **HKCU** links to
 - .DEFAULT (if NOT logged in)
 - The domain user's SID (if logged in)
- .DEFAULT already reveals information of the remote system

USER LOGINS (CURRENT)

- Possible to enumerate SIDs
 - This is how PsLoggedOn (sysinternals) works
 - This is one of the things BloodHound does
- If user IS logged in:
 - Read/write access to subkey under the context of the authenticated user
- If user IS NOT logged in:
 - Hive will not be loaded, and as such not accessible

```
$ python reg.py $regular_user query -keyName HKU\  
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra  
  
[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...  
HKU\  
HKU\\.DEFAULT  
HKU\\S-1-5-19  
HKU\\S-1-5-20  
HKU\\S-1-5-21-3657084265-3054822461-4174389439-1105  
HKU\\S-1-5-21-3657084265-3054822461-4174389439-1105_Classes  
HKU\\S-1-5-21-3657084265-3054822461-4174389439-1108  
HKU\\S-1-5-21-3657084265-3054822461-4174389439-1108_Classes  
HKU\\S-1-5-18
```

USER LOGINS (HISTORICAL)

- All users that ever logged in interactively
 - One value contains UTC timestamp of first login

```
$ python ./reg.py $regular_user query -keyName HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production  
Impacket v0.12.0.dev1+20240606.111452.d71f4662 - Copyright 2023 Fortra
```

```
[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production\\Logs
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production\\S-1-5-18
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production\\S-1-5-19
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production\\S-1-5-21-2698686055-2414997051-2306920262-1000
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production\\S-1-5-21-3657084265-3054822461-4174389439-1105
```

```
HKU\\.DEFAULT\\Software\\Microsoft\\IdentityCRL\\DeviceIdentities\\production\\S-1-5-21-3657084265-3054822461-4174389439-1108
```

REMOTE HKLM PERMISSION EXCEPTIONS

- Reading **HKLM** requires local admin privileges on the remote system
- But, there are exceptions:
 - AllowedExactPaths
 - AllowedPaths, where subkeys are allowed too

HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurePipeServers\winreg\AllowedExactPaths :

```
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\ProductOptions
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Server Applications
Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion
```

HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurePipeServers\winreg\AllowedPaths :

```
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Print\Printers
System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Eventlog
Software\Microsoft\OLAP Server
Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print
Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\ContentIndex
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Terminal Server
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Terminal Server\UserConfig
...
```

REMOTE HKLM PERMISSION EXCEPTIONS

- CVE-2022-38033 (fixed October 2022)
 - If you kept a handle to the **exact** registry path, you could enumerate descendant subkeys

```
HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurePipeServers\winreg\AllowedExactPaths:
```

```
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\ProductOptions  
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Server Applications  
Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion
```

```
HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurePipeServers\winreg\AllowedPaths:
```

```
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Print\Printers  
System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Eventlog  
Software\Microsoft\OLAP Server  
Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print  
Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows  
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\ContentIndex  
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Terminal Server  
System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Terminal Server\UserConfig  
...
```

REMOTE HKLM PERMISSION EXCEPTIONS

```
$ python reg.py $regular_user query -keyName HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\ NT\CurrentVersion  
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra
```

```
[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...
```

```
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion
```

```
SystemRoot      REG_SZ      C:\Windows  
BuildBranch     REG_SZ      rs1_release  
BuildGUID       REG_SZ      ffffffff-ffff-ffff-ffff-ffffffffffffff  
BuildLab        REG_SZ      14393.rs1_release.1.180427-1811  
BuildLabEx      REG_SZ      14393.2273.amd64fre.rs1_release.1.180427-1811  
CompositionEditionID REG_SZ      ServerStandardEval  
CurrentBuild    REG_SZ      14393  
CurrentBuildNumber REG_SZ      14393  
CurrentMajorVersionNumber REG_DWORD    0xa  
CurrentMinorVersionNumber REG_DWORD    0x0  
CurrentType     REG_SZ      Multiprocessor Free  
CurrentVersion  REG_SZ      6.3  
EditionID       REG_SZ      ServerStandardEval  
InstallationType REG_SZ      Server  
InstallDate     REG_DWORD    0x6673fa0d  
ProductName     REG_SZ      Windows Server 2016 Standard Evaluation  
ReleaseId       REG_SZ      1607  
SoftwareType    REG_SZ      System  
DigitalProductId REG_BINARY  
0000  A4 00 00 00 03 00 00 00 30 30 33 37 38 2D 30 30  
0010  30 30 30 2D 30 30 30 30 30 2D 41 41 37 33 39 00  
0020  C4 0E 00 00 5B 52 53 31 5D 58 32 31 2D 30 33 32  
0030  31 37 00 00 C4 0E 00 00 00 00 70 FC B5 05 1E C9 17.....p.....
```

REMOTE HKLM PERMISSION EXCEPTIONS

- Reading which event log providers are configured

```
$ python reg.py $regular_user query -keyName HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Ev  
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra
```

```
[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...
```

```
HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Eventlog\System\CrowdStrikeSetup  
    EventMessageFile      REG_SZ      %SystemRoot%\System32\ntdll.dll  
    TypesSupported        REG_DWORD   0x7
```

REMOTE HKLM PERMISSION EXCEPTIONS

- Enumerating installed drivers for printers (PrintNightmare)

```
$ python reg.py $regular_user query -s -keyName HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\ NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows\ x64\DriverPackages
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra

[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\ntprint.inf_amd64_3d8f0626c408afea\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\ntprint.inf_amd64_3d8f0626c408afea\ntprint.inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\ntprint.inf_amd64_3d8f0626c408afea.cab
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\prnbrcl1.inf_amd64_27262c292cd27de8\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\prnbrcl1.inf_amd64_27262c292cd27de8\prnbrcl1.inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\prnbrcl1.inf_amd64_27262c292cd27de8.cab
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\prnms001.inf_amd64_10bd6dee10a7dfd0\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\prnms001.inf_amd64_10bd6dee10a7dfd0\prnms001.Inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\prnms001.inf_amd64_10bd6dee10a7dfd0.cab
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\prnms002.inf_amd64_5a5ddb7716a8d14a\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\prnms002.inf_amd64_5a5ddb7716a8d14a\prnms002.inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\prnms002.inf_amd64_5a5ddb7716a8d14a.cab
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\prnms003.inf_amd64_53d78f68bc1697cc\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\prnms003.inf_amd64_53d78f68bc1697cc\prnms003.inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\prnms003.inf_amd64_53d78f68bc1697cc.cab
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\prnms009.inf_amd64_bd3f6a64dee1535d\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\prnms009.inf_amd64_bd3f6a64dee1535d\prnms009.Inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\prnms009.inf_amd64_bd3f6a64dee1535d.cab
SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Print\PackageInstallation\Windows x64\DriverPackages\tsprint.inf_amd64_c43b1ad96a2e4db6\
  DriverStorePath REG_SZ C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\tsprint.inf_amd64_c43b1ad96a2e4db6\tsprint.inf
  CabPath REG_SZ C:\Windows\system32\spool\DRIVERS\x64\PCC\tsprint.inf_amd64_c43b1ad96a2e4db6.cab
```

READING HKCR REMOTELY

- As a regular domain-joined user
 - Possible to fully enumerate HKCR
 - Get COM objects (i.e. software/services/applications) on target

```
$ python reg.py $regular_user query -keyName HKCR\\ -s
Impacket v0.11.0 - Copyright 2023 Fortra

[!] Cannot check RemoteRegistry status. Hoping it is started...
\*\OpenWithList\
\*\OpenWithList\Excel.exe\
\*\OpenWithList\IExplore.exe\
\*\OpenWithList\MSPaint.exe\
      (Default)      REG_SZ
\*\OpenWithList\notepad.exe\
      (Default)      REG_SZ
\*\OpenWithList\Winword.exe\
\*\OpenWithList\WordPad.exe\
```

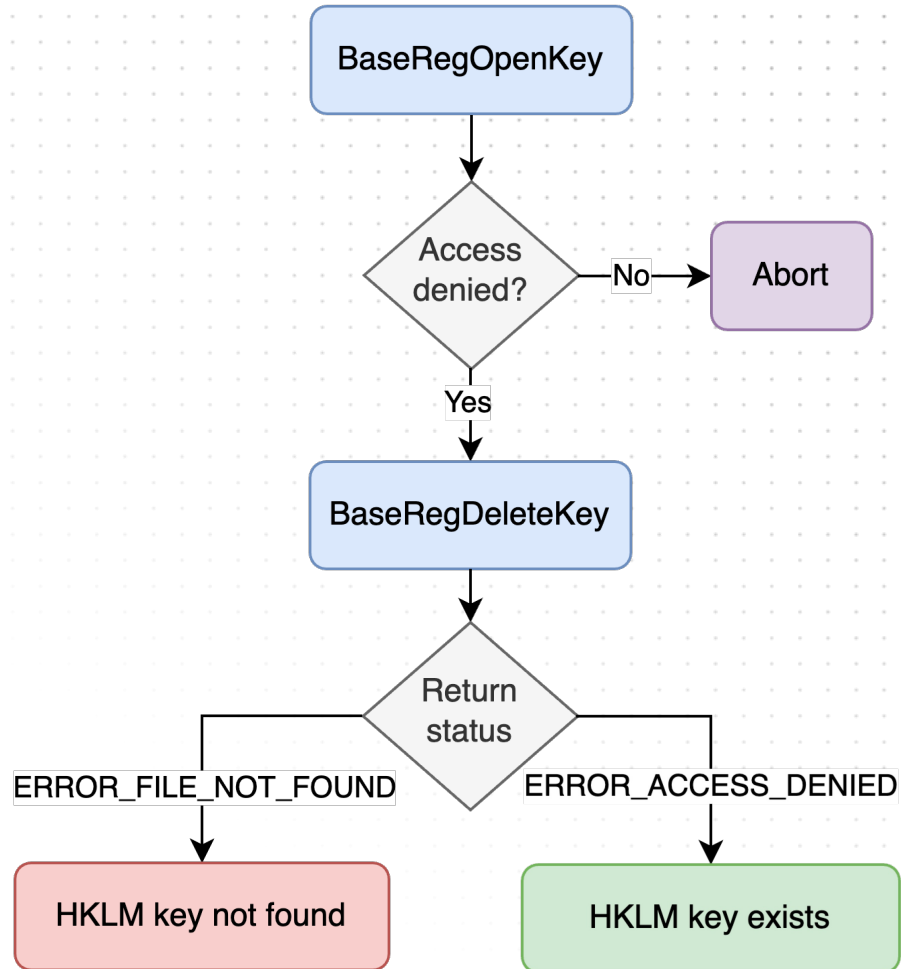

REGISTRY ABUSE

RPC information leaks

INFO LEAK #1: REMOTE HKLM KEY EXISTENCE

- As a regular domain-joined user it is NOT possible to read **HKLM** keys (with exceptions)
- We discovered that a specific MS-RRP RPC call leaks information on the **existence of HKLM keys**
 - Step 1: **BaseRegOpenKey** with `samDesired = KEY_SET_VALUE` and a specific **HKLM** subkey.
 - This should result in `rpc_s_access_denied`
 - Step 2: **BaseRegDeleteKey**
 - The response code leaks information, revealing if a specific remote **HKLM** key exists or not

INFO LEAK #1: REMOTE HKLM KEY EXISTENCE



INFO LEAK #1: REMOTE HKLM KEY EXISTENCE

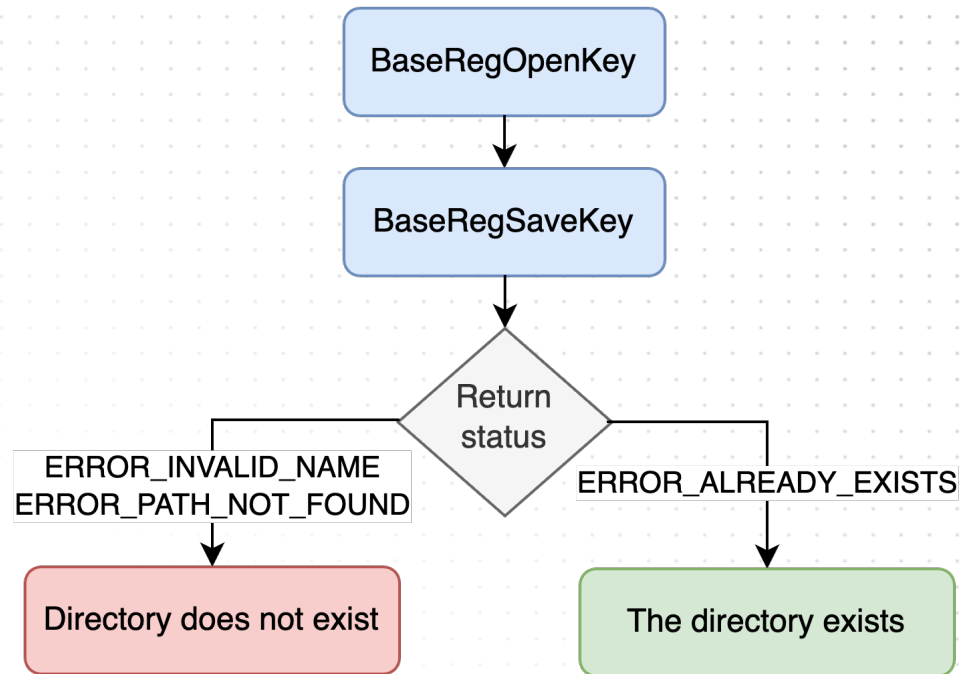
Created `hklm_exist.py`, which is based on `impacket`

```
$ python hklm_exist.py
```

INFO LEAK #2: REMOTE FILE EXISTENCE

- As a regular domain-joined user you cannot remotely check if a random file exists
- We discovered that a specific MS-RRP RPC call leaks information on the existence of remote files
 - Step 1: **BaseRegOpenKey**, opening the root **HKU** key
 - Should be allowed for every domain user
 - Step 2: **BaseRegSaveKey**, saving the key on a path on the remote machine
 - The response code leaks information, revealing if a remote file or folder exists or not

INFO LEAK #2: REMOTE FILE EXISTENCE



INFO LEAK #2: REMOTE FILE EXISTENCE

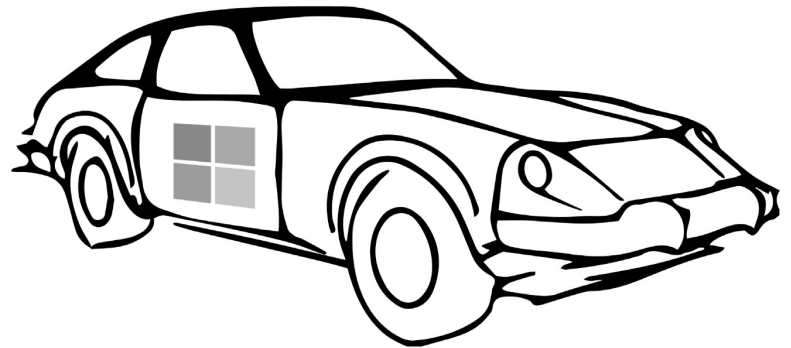
```
$ python enum_edr.py
```

REGISTRY ABUSE

Active Directory Certificate Services

AD CS 101

- Microsoft PKI implementation
- Request (authentication) certificates based on templates
- Existing tools (Certify/CertiPy) enumerate AD CS via COM / RPC / LDAP
- Detections based on this



Certified Pre-Owned

Abusing Active Directory Certificate Services

Will Schroeder

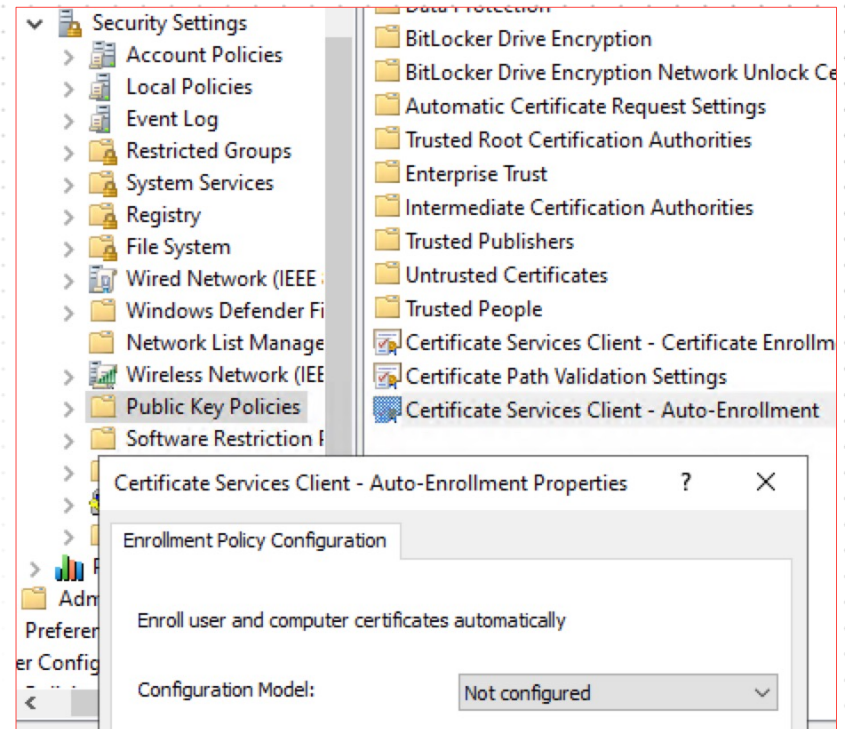
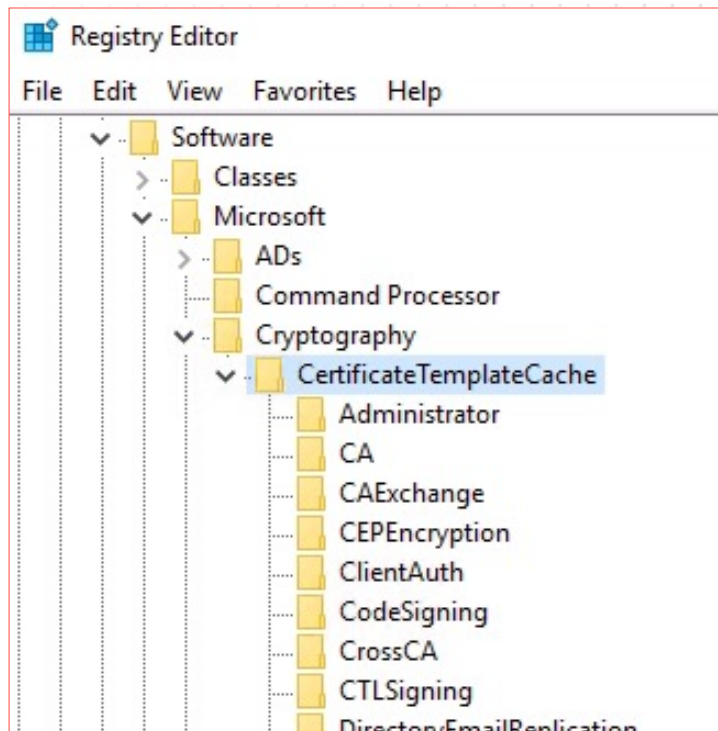
Lee Christensen

<https://posts.specterops.io/certified-pre-owned-d95910965cd2>

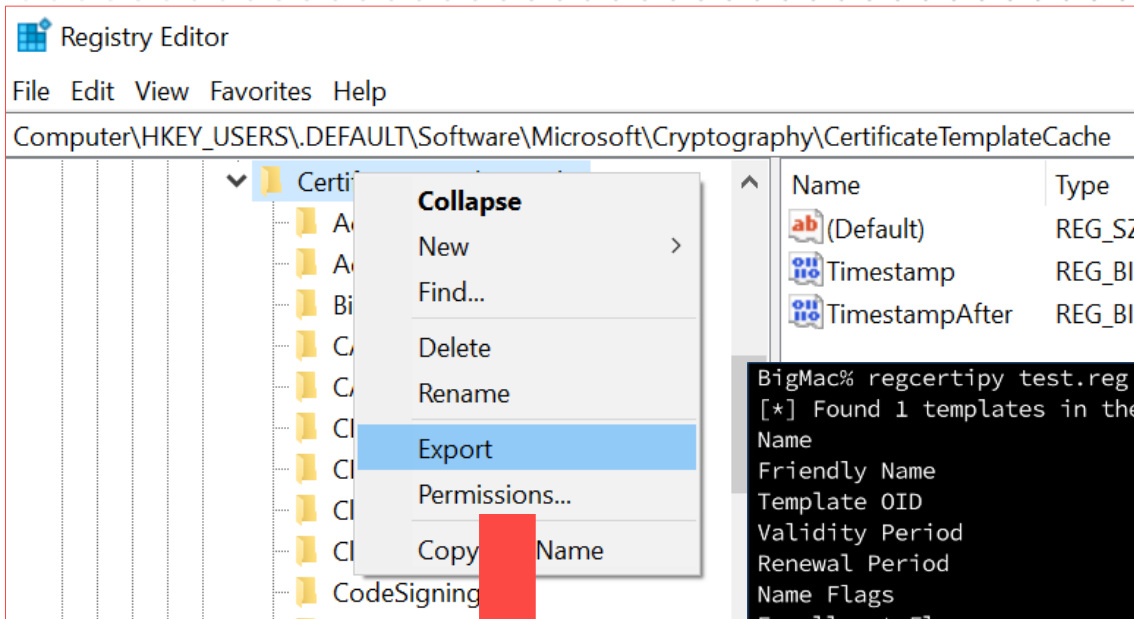
REGISTRY CERTIFICATE TEMPLATE CACHE

HKU\.DEFAULT\Software\Microsoft\Cryptography\CertificateTemplateCache

- Readable by regular (domain-joined) users
- Configured by default in the Default Domain Policy
- Used for Auto-Enrollment



REGCERTIPY



```
BigMac% regcertipy test.reg
[*] Found 1 templates in the registry
Name : GreatIdea
Friendly Name : GreatIdea
Template OID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.21.8.11375254.7675713.4736
Validity Period : 1 year
Renewal Period : 6 weeks
Name Flags (1) : EnrolleeSuppliesSubject
Enrollment Flags : PublishToDs, IncludeSymmetricAlgorithms
Signatures Required : 0
Extended Key Usage (2) : Client Authentication
Permissions
  Enrollment Permissions
    Enrollment Rights (3) : Domain Admins
    : Domain Users
    : Enterprise Admins
  Object Control Permissions
    Owner : S-1-5-21-793200-987394971-2708343755-500
    Write Owner Principals : Domain Admins
    : Enterprise Admins
    Write Dacl Principals : Domain Admins
    : Enterprise Admins
    Write Property Principals : Domain Admins
    : Enterprise Admins
```

ESC1

REGISTRY ABUSE

Relaying

COERCED AUTH / NTLM RELAYING

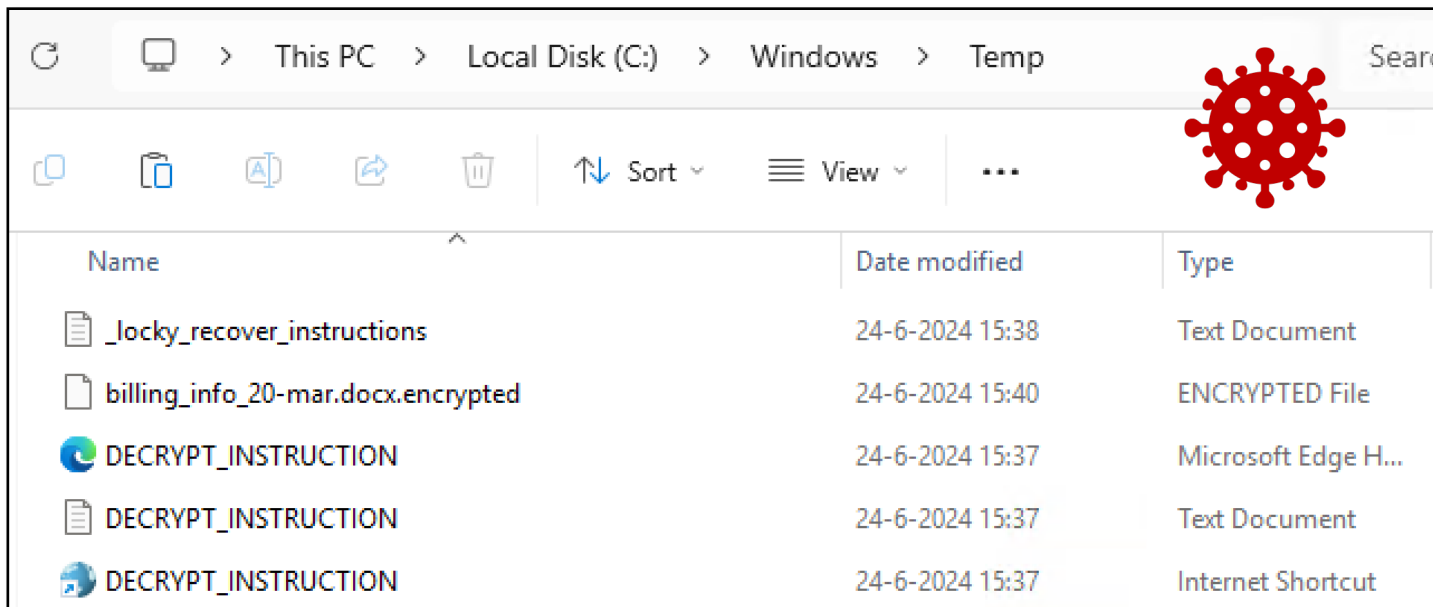
- Coerced authentication possible against some MS-RRP calls
 - **BaseRegSaveKey** with magic flavoring
 - 'ERROR_PRIVILEGE_NOT_HELD' ... 😊

```
[redacted]@redacted:~$ sudo smbserver.py -smb2support -debug share /tmp/f
Impacket v0.10.0 - Copyright 2022 SecureAuth Corporation

[+] Impacket Library Installation Path: /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/impacket
[*] Config file parsed
[*] Callback added for UUID 4B324FC8-1670-01D3-1278-5A47BF6EE188 V:3.0
[*] Callback added for UUID 6BFFD098-A112-3610-9833-46C3F87E345A V:1.0
[*] Config file parsed
[*] Config file parsed
[*] Config file parsed
[*] Incoming connection (192.168.6.20,57091)
[*] AUTHENTICATE_MESSAGE (\,DESKTOP-30129QV)
[*] User DESKTOP-30129QV\ authenticated successfully
[*] :::00::aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
[*] Connecting Share(1:share)
[*] AUTHENTICATE_MESSAGE ([redacted]\DESKTOP-30129QV$,DESKTOP-30129QV)
[*] User DESKTOP-30129QV\DESKTOP-30129QV$ authenticated successfully
[*] DESKTOP-30129QV$: [redacted]:aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa:30468ecd884e6d2799d5b44568340733:010100000000000080
047000300100043004a0043007200550042007400470002001000580061004c006f0051006a004e00530004001000580
3000300000000000000000000000000000f3daa64536ba8b0144ed8ddc4c69e142d505dfac4fd4e6d7612f457a4607
d0069006e00740000000000000000000
```

COERCED AUTH / NTLM RELAYING

- Coerced authentication possible against some MS-RRP calls
 - **BaseRegSaveKey** with magic flavoring
 - 'ERROR_PRIVILEGE_NOT_HELD' ... 😊
 - Also allows to create empty files on a domain controller
 - Files won't have content

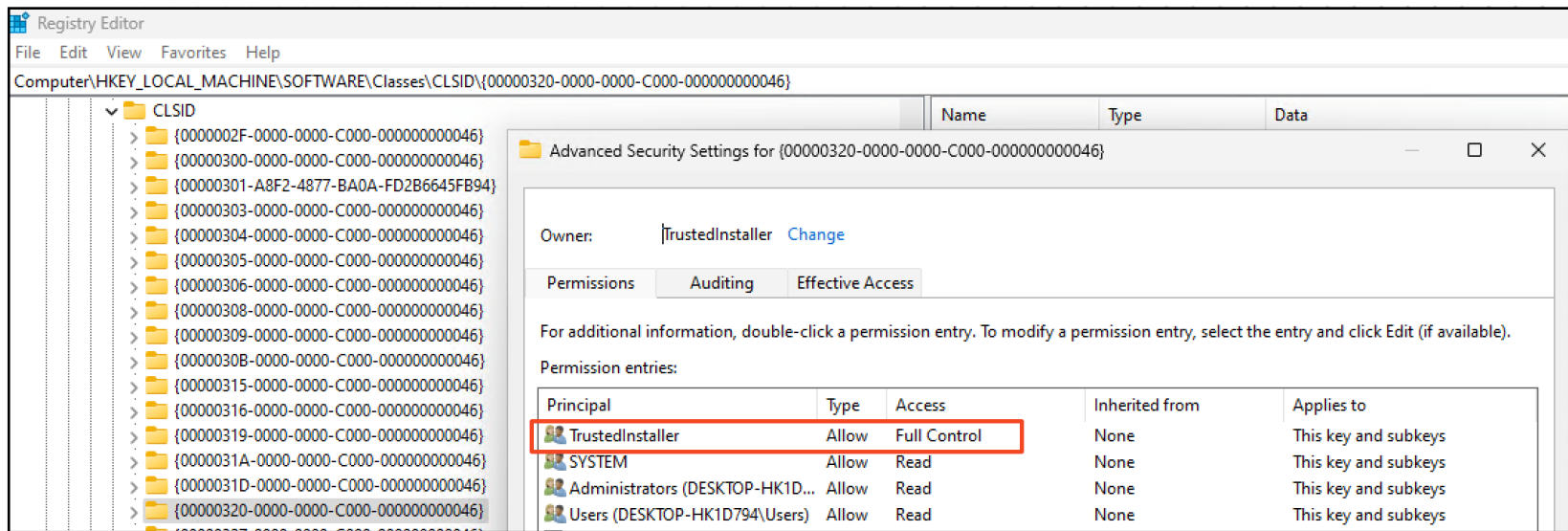


REGISTRY ABUSE

Lateral Movement



LATERAL MOVEMENT VIA REGISTRY (ADMIN)

- How to execute code via the registry?
 - Modify COM object key
 - (1) Modify CLSID under HKLM
 - (2) Find a way for the COM object to be loaded



LATERAL MOVEMENT VIA REGISTRY (ADMIN)

- Modify CLSID under HKLM
 - TrustedInstaller only? ☹️
 - Software\Microsoft\AppModel\Lookaside\Machine ☺️
 - Create the key if it doesn't exist

10220	 RegOpenKey	HKCR\CLSID\{4590F811-1D3A-11D0-891F-00AA004B2E24}\TreatAs
10220	 RegOpenKey	HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\AppModel\Lookaside\machine\SOFTWARE\Classes\CLSID\{4590F811-1D3A-11D0-891F-00AA004B2E24}

- Now trigger or wait for the COM object to load

LATERAL MOVEMENT VIA REGISTRY (ADMIN)

- Trigger a service start
 - Around 50(!) services can be triggered to start on a remote server (via an RPC trigger). Some of those will:
 - Execute with NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM rights (or equivalent)
 - Gracefully shutdown after a few seconds
 - ... and load COM objects 😊
 - ... without any authentication o.0
 - Demo RPCping

System Informer [BOMEN\domuser]

System View Tools Users Help

Refresh Options Find handles or DLLs System information devquery

Processes Services Network Disk Firewall Devices

Name	Display name	Type	Status	Start type
DevQueryBroker	DevQuery Background Discovery Bro...	Share process	Stopped	Demand start (trigger)

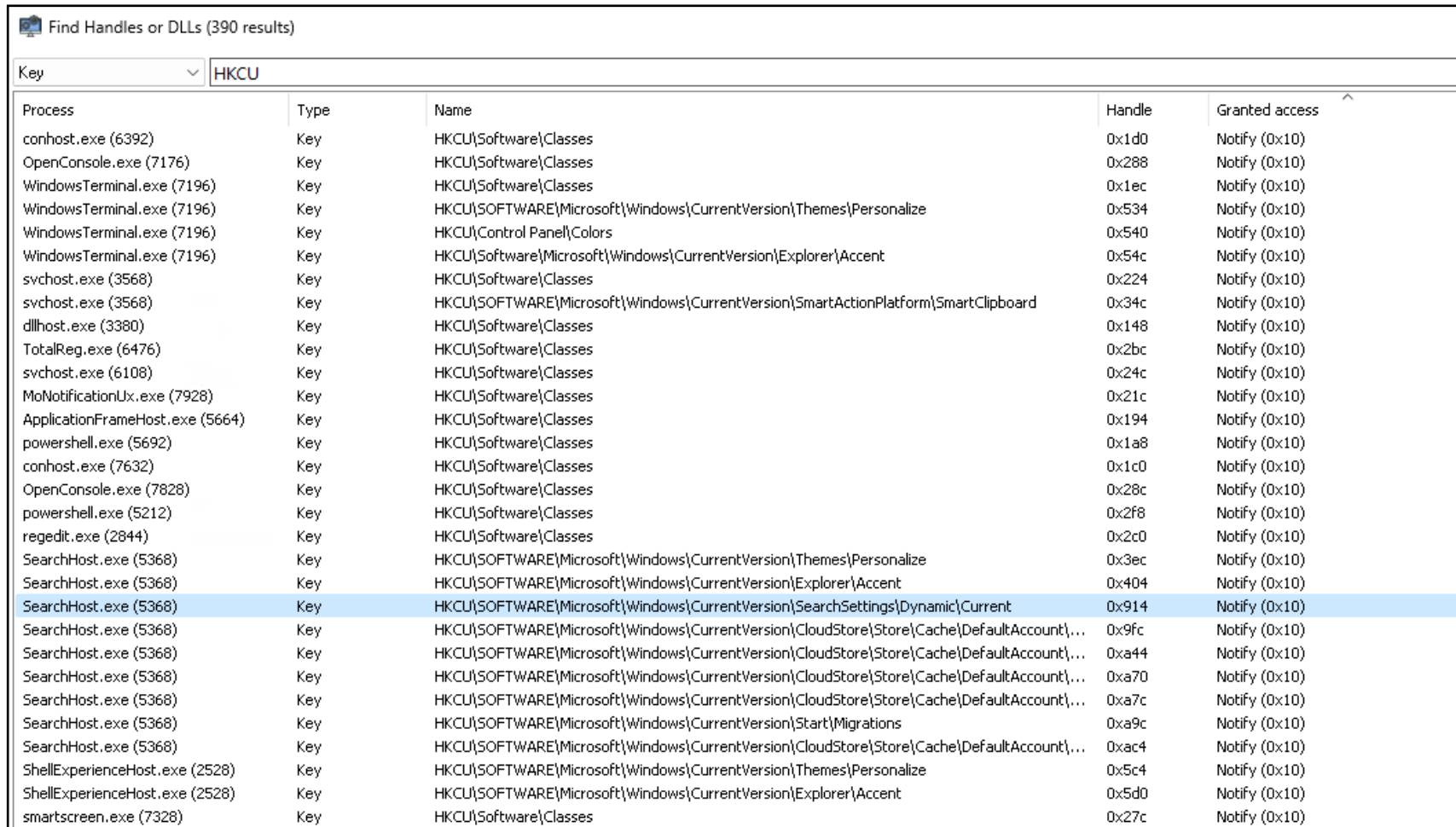
CPU usage: 2,92% Physical memory: 3,61 GB (36,07%) Free memory: 6,39 GB (63,93%)

LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- No local admin rights required for accessing remote registry
 - Regular (domain user) can modify their HKCU remotely
- Code execution via same trick:
 - Modify COM object keys under HKCU
 - Remember, for HKCR: HKCU has precedence over HKLM
- Which COM object to target?
 - COM object is loaded when you perform specific actions (clipboard, start menu, load Edge, etc...)

LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- Find handles to keys with 'Notify' access

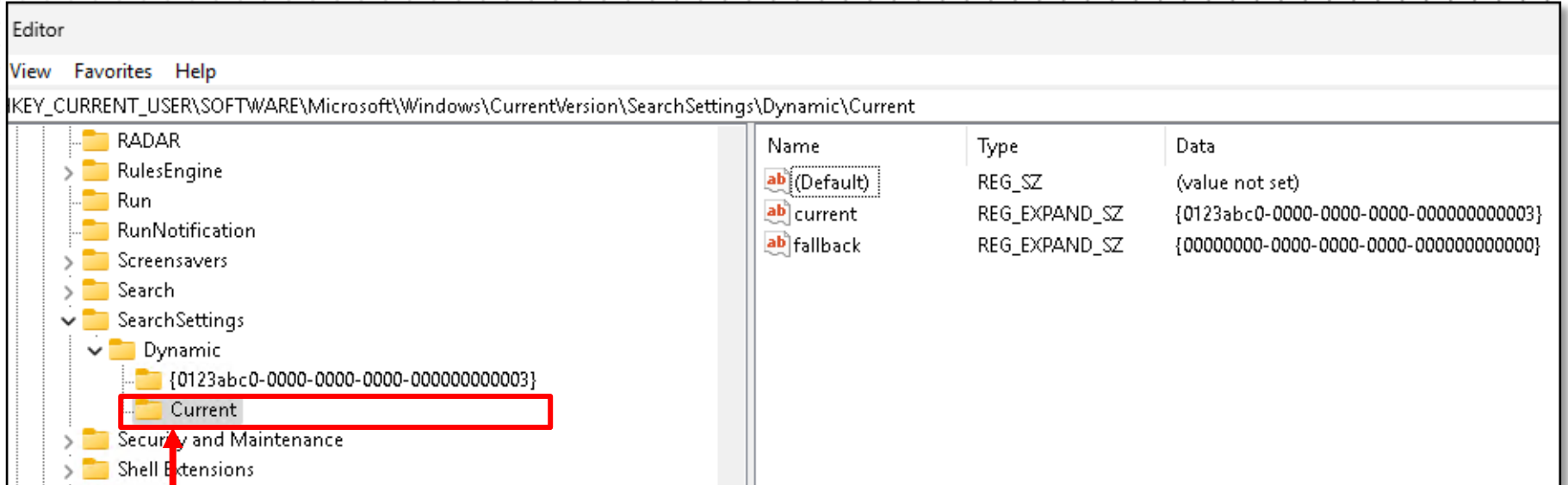


The screenshot shows the 'Find Handles or DLLs' tool interface. The search criteria are set to 'Key' and 'HKCU'. The results table lists various processes and their handles to registry keys, all with 'Notify (0x10)' access. The row for 'SearchHost.exe (5368)' is highlighted, showing its handle to the key 'HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SearchSettings\Dynamic\Current'.

Process	Type	Name	Handle	Granted access
conhost.exe (6392)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x1d0	Notify (0x10)
OpenConsole.exe (7176)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x288	Notify (0x10)
WindowsTerminal.exe (7196)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x1ec	Notify (0x10)
WindowsTerminal.exe (7196)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Themes\Personalize	0x534	Notify (0x10)
WindowsTerminal.exe (7196)	Key	HKCU\Control Panel\Colors	0x540	Notify (0x10)
WindowsTerminal.exe (7196)	Key	HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Accent	0x54c	Notify (0x10)
svchost.exe (3568)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x224	Notify (0x10)
svchost.exe (3568)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SmartActionPlatform\SmartClipboard	0x34c	Notify (0x10)
dllhost.exe (3380)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x148	Notify (0x10)
TotalReg.exe (6476)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x2bc	Notify (0x10)
svchost.exe (6108)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x24c	Notify (0x10)
MoNotificationUx.exe (7928)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x21c	Notify (0x10)
ApplicationFrameHost.exe (5664)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x194	Notify (0x10)
powershell.exe (5692)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x1a8	Notify (0x10)
conhost.exe (7632)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x1c0	Notify (0x10)
OpenConsole.exe (7828)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x28c	Notify (0x10)
powershell.exe (5212)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x2f8	Notify (0x10)
regedit.exe (2844)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x2c0	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Themes\Personalize	0x3ec	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Accent	0x404	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SearchSettings\Dynamic\Current	0x914	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0x9fc	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xa44	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xa70	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xa7c	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Start\Migrations	0xa9c	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xac4	Notify (0x10)
ShellExperienceHost.exe (2528)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Themes\Personalize	0x5c4	Notify (0x10)
ShellExperienceHost.exe (2528)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Accent	0x5d0	Notify (0x10)
smartscreen.exe (7328)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x27c	Notify (0x10)

LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- Find handles to keys with 'Notify' access



Process (PID)	Operation	Path	Access	Notify
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SearchSettings\Dynamic\Current	0x914	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0x9fc	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xa44	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xa70	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xa7c	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Start\Migrations	0xa9c	Notify (0x10)
SearchHost.exe (5368)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\CloudStore\Store\Cache\DefaultAccount\...	0xac4	Notify (0x10)
ShellExperienceHost.exe (2528)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Themes\Personalize	0x5c4	Notify (0x10)
ShellExperienceHost.exe (2528)	Key	HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Accent	0x5d0	Notify (0x10)
smartscreen.exe (7328)	Key	HKCU\Software\Classes	0x27c	Notify (0x10)

LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- Find handles to keys with 'Notify' access

The image shows two overlapping windows from a Windows system. The top window is the Registry Editor, displaying the path `KEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SearchSettings\Dynamic\Current`. The registry values are as follows:

Name	Type	Data
ab (Default)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
current	REG_EXPAND_SZ	{0123abc0-0000-0000-0000-000000000003}
fallback	REG_EXPAND_SZ	{00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000}

The bottom window is Process Monitor, showing a list of operations. The following operations are highlighted with a red box:

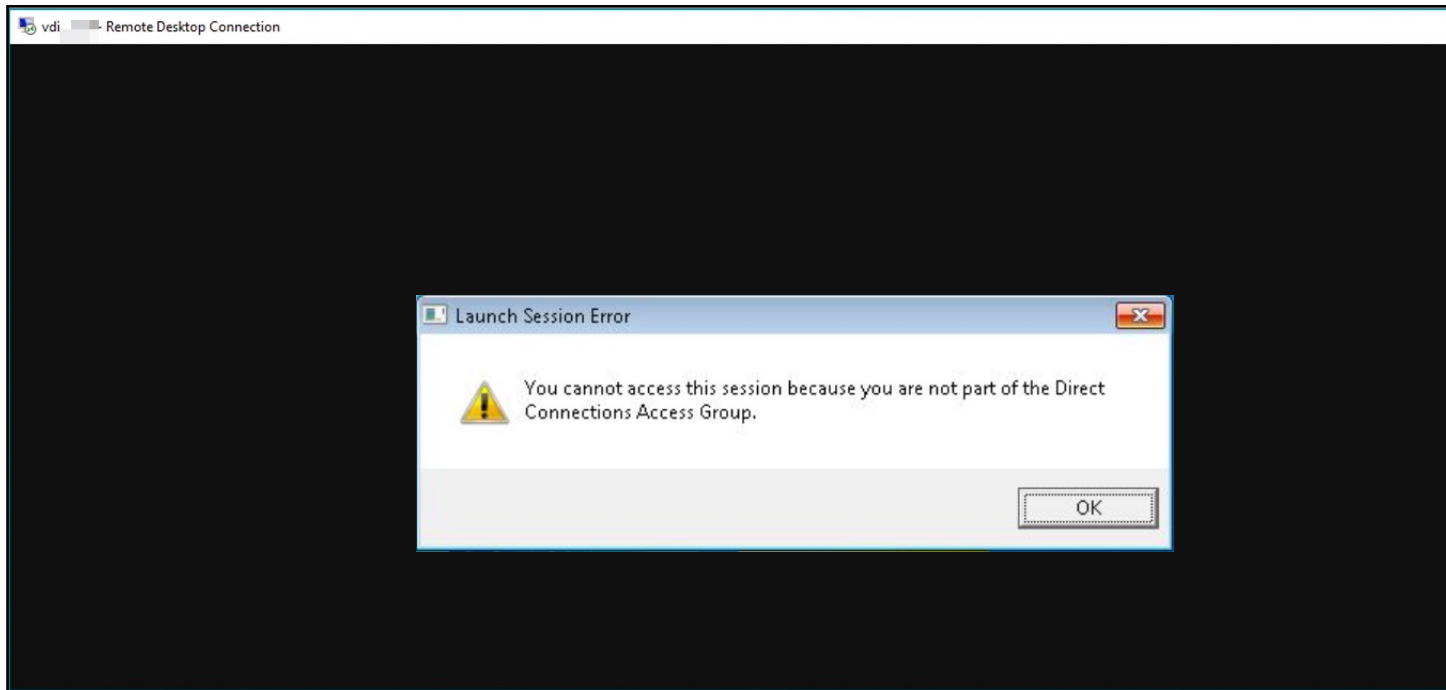
Time	Process Name	PID	Operation	Path
05:53:...	explorer.exe	8232	RegOpenKey	HKU\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1198\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SearchSettings\Dynamic\Current
05:53:...	explorer.exe	8232	RegOpenKey	HKU\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1198\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\SearchSettings\Dynamic\{0123abc0-0000-0000-0000-000000000003}
05:53:...	WerFault.exe	5684	RegOpenKey	HKU\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1198\Classes\CLSID\{3185A766-B338-11E4-A71E-12E3F512A338}
05:53:...	WerFault.exe	5684	RegOpenKey	HKU\S-1-5-21-2229236746-2911771265-924017512-1198\Classes\CLSID\{3185A766-B338-11E4-A71E-12E3F512A338}\TreatAs

I

LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- **Bypass Citrix limitations**

- "You don't have access to this session because you are not part of the Direct Connections Access Group".



LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- **Bypass Citrix limitations**

- "You don't have access to this session because you are not part of the Direct Connections Access Group".

(1) Set CLSID under user's hive while message is shown

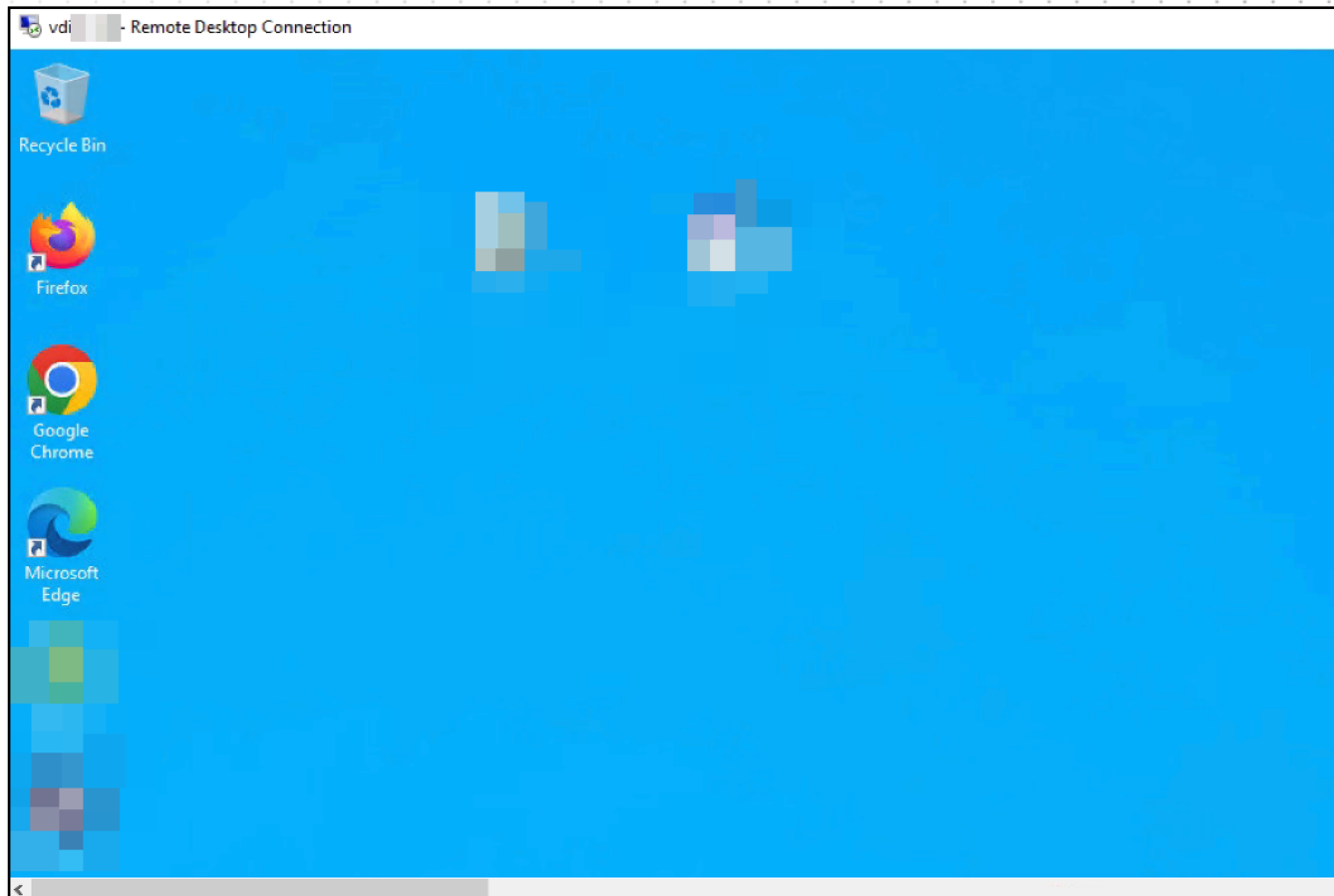
(2) Click OK

(3) We broke something 😊

LATERAL MOVEMENT (NON-ADMIN)

- **Bypass Citrix limitations**

- "You don't have access to this session because you are not part of the Direct Connections Access Group".



IN SUMMARY

- Remote reconnaissance
 - Valuable information for attackers
- RPC information leaks
 - Unintended information disclosure
- Active Directory Certificate Services
 - Obtaining certificate template details locally
- Relaying
 - Coerced authentication
- Lateral movement
 - New techniques

MORE REGISTRY?

- Mysteries of the registry

- Pavel Yosifovich

- <https://scorpiosoftware.net/2022/04/15/mysteries-of-the-registry/>

- Practical Exploitation of Registry Vulnerabilities in the Windows Kernel

- Mateusz 'j00ru' Jurczyk

- <https://j00ru.vexillum.org/talks/offensivecon-practical-exploitation-of-windows-registry-vulnerabilities>

THANKS!

OUTFLANK

clear advice with a hacker mindset

Cedric van Bockhaven

cedric@outflank.nl
www.outflank.nl/cedric
@c3c



Max Grim

max@outflank.nl
www.outflank.nl/max
@max__grim